FAT FOR OLD SOLDIERS.

THE VAST SUM REQUIRED FOR PENSIONS.

A Mischlevous Boy Causes a Fatal Wreck -Cruel Act of a Colorado Conductor- Twelve of these are Republican, and The Deadly Car Stove Exploses An Old Relie of Barbarous Days.

Put Off a Train to Die.

At Creede, Col., Ed Went, while sick and under temporary aberration of mind under the influence of morphine, boarded the train without his friends' knowledge. The conductor put him off in a raging snow storm. He wandered about unconscious, for two days, and was found luried in a snow bank. Both of his hands and one foot will have to be amputated. He is now lying at the point of death.

LAST SLAVE IMPORTER DEAD.

Captain Timothy Meaher and His Curious Colony of Blacks.

Captain Timothy Meaher, a veteran Mobile steamboatman, is dead, age1 seventynine years. He imported the last cargo of slaves brought to the United States. In 1861 he brought over 160 negroes, and spirited them into a canebrake 160 miles up stream. The thirty negroes that fell to his share he settled in a suburb of Mobile, where they and their descendants have remained. They have never associated with other negroes, are but partially civilized, still use their native language, and are ruled by a queen of their own choosing.

VAST SUM FOR PENSIONS.

One Hundred and Thirty-four Million Re-

quired for Next Year's Disbursements. The pension appropriation bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, appropriates \$134,825,066, being \$12,239,484 less than the estimates, and \$389,719 less than the appropriation for the current fiscal year. The number of pensioners on the rolls has increased from 242,755 in 1879 to 676,160 in 1891, and the amount disbursed on account of pensions has increased from \$25,493,742 in 1879 to \$124, 415, 951 in 1891.

FATAL WRECK.

A Mischievous Boy Responsible for a Dis-

astrous Smash-Up. Indianapolis Accommodation No. 4 on the Big Four Road ran into the rear end of a freight train on the Coal City siding. The engineer escaped with a few bruises, but Fireman Lash was fatally injured. Charles Taylor, a mischievous boy, was arrested, charged with breaking the switch lock and causing the wreck. None of the passengers were hurt.

* EVERY PASSENGER WAS INJURED. Occupants of a Santa Fe Car Mangled by

an Explosion. Every person in the smoker was injured, but only two of them seriously.

MESSENGER M'INERNY INSANE.

A New Affliction for the Victim of Train Robber Perry.

McInerny, the express messenger, who was shot by Oliver Perry, the train robber, at Lyons, N. Y., is reported insane. His mother is also in a dangerous condition from the effects of the shock, and she has not been told of her son's condition, fearing she might die of heart disease, with which

Fifty Thousand at a Swoop.

The decisions just handed down by the United Suprems Court, affirming the constitutionality of the McKinley tariff law and the Dingley law as to the classification of worstels and woolen goods under the tariff, will have an important effect upon General Appraisers. The decisions will dispose of over fifty thousand cases now penders from the ratings of the Collectors under these two laws.

O'Donnell a Candidate.

Representative Jame: O'Donnell, of for Governor. He says he will not go into the convention with a view of making an confidently expect that he will be the standard-bearer of his party. Mr. O'Donnell has been in Congress four times and served as a member of the Appropriations and Foreign Affairs Committees.

Will Not Recognize Negro Posts.

At New Orleans, the Department of Lou-Islana and Mississippi, G. A. R., met in annual session Thursday night. The question of obeying Commander-in-chief Palmer's order to admit the colored members and recognize the colore I posts, was considered and debated at length. The department decided by an almost unanimous vote to disregard Capt. Palmer's order and take the consequences, whatever they may be.

Buried Under the Debris. Five men have been missing from Lock-

port, N. Y., since the recent acc dent in the Niagara Falls hydraulic tunnel, and their bodies are supposed to be under the debris, One of them is Charles Deggs, a negro, and the others are said to be Italians and Hungarians. It will be several days before the part where the bodies of the five workmen are supposed to be buried is reached.

Five Passengers Injured.

In Hutchinson, Kan, as a street car on Main street was crossing the Rock Island Railroad, it was struck by a passing train and almost demolished. The five passengers in the street car were more or less injured, but none of them seriously. Driver Garrison received injuries which will prove fatal. Blame is attached to the driver of the street car.

Disagr ement in a Libel Suit. At Chattanooga, Team, the th El trial of

ex-Chief of Police Allen's suit against the Times on a charge of libel resulted in a disagreement of the jury-ten standing for conviction and two for acquittal. The alleged offense was the criticism of Allen's official actions, and \$30,000 damages was asked, \$19,000 each on three counts.

Chandler Again Captured.

Ralph H. Chandler, the absconding Cashier of the Lake Shore and 'Michigan Southern, from Detroit, was captured again in Cludad Juarez, Mexico, after being turned loose by the Menican polica

WANT A WESTERN MAN.

The New York Herald Figures Out Demo cratic Presidential Chances.

The New York Herald presents a table showing the Presidential preferences of the Democracy in the various States. The table shows that the mass of the Democracy is looking to the West for a man to lead them to victory. The figures are: Hill, 285; Cleveland, 265; Western man. Mr. Cleveland seems to be the choice of fifteen States-California, Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Ohio, Rhode Island. South Pakota, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. only three are Democratic Senator Hill is the choice of ten States-Colotado, Fiorida, Idaho, Maryland, Mississippl. New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, and Texas. Seven are Democratic and three Republican. But the real choice of the Democracy is shown in sixteen States. They want a Western man and are: Arkansas, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Missouri. Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, North Caroina, North Dakota, Tennessee, and Wyoning. Eitht are Democratic and eight Republican. Their 350 delegates stand solid for a Western man, and representing over one-third of the convention, against the other two-thirds hopelessly divided, will probably have a great effect in shaping the convention's action. Alabama, Louisiana, and Oregon are, it is said, likely to be divided between Hall and Cleveland

M'KINLEY ACT VALID.

Its Constitutionality Is Upheld by the Federal Supreme Court.

The McKinley act was declared constitutional and Speaker Reed's rulings upheld by the United States Supreme Court. The court split on the tariff opinion, which was rendered by Justice Harian. The cases on which the decisions were based were those of Marshall Field of Chicago, and of New York merchants, who protested against the payment of duties on certain woolen dress goods and other importations on the ground that the McKinley bill was not a legal and constitutional enactment by reason of the omission from the enrolled bill of the tobacco rebate clause, agreed to in conference and contained in the bill when it passed both houses. The court also holds that the reciprocity and sugar bounty sections of the bill are constitutional. It was contended that the reciprocity section was unconstitutional because it delegated legislative power to the executive. Chief Justice Fuller and Justice Lamar dissented from the opinion of the court. The Supreme Court also decided in the worstad schedule case of The United States vs. Ballin, Joseph & Co., from the Circuit Court of New York. that the law is valid. The decision upholds the power of the Speaker of the House to count aquorum under the rules of the last House.

SCUDDER ACCUSED OF MURDER. Charged with Killing His Wife's Mother

-His Friends Say He Is Insanc. After a life devoted to the acquisition of knowledge, coupled with the happiness, helpfulness and devotion of the wife of his youth and the presence of two bright chil-An Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe train dren. Dr. Henry Martyn Scudder, son of had just passed Kilmer, Kan., when the the old and beloved ex-pastor of Plymouth car heating apparatus in the smoking car | Church, Chicago, is at the detention hosexploded with fearful force. Conductor pital in that city charged with the murder Lamon and fifteen passengers were buried of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Elizabeth M. in the debris in the front end of the car. Parker Dunton, of 22 Aldine Square. F. H. Dunton, the venerable editor of the Spirit of the Turf and father-in-law of Dr. H. M. Scudder, the accused, swore out a warrant Tuesday evening charging his son-in-law with the murder of Mrs. Dunton. The complaint was filed with Justice Brayton, who visited the Dunton residence by request, the aged complainant being confined to his apartments. The complaint charges that Sunday, Feb. 21, Dr. Scudder murdered Mrs. Dunton in her apartments at the family residence in Aldine Square and that the crime was committed by beating the aged woman on the head with a blunt instrument.

PANIC IN A REFORMATORY.

Flames Cause a Stampede in an Institution for Females at Indianapolis.

The Indiana State Refermatory for Women and Girls, near Indianarolis is a mass of ruins. When the fire was first disthe labors of the United States Board of covered there were 150 women and girls who were at liberty in the halls. They were marshaled into line, but word came ing before the board, on appeal by import- that the fire was under control. Soon after there was a second burst of flame from another portion of the laundry, and this spread to the roof and speedily enveloped both wings. A stampede followed, but the officers succeeded in re-Michigan, has declared himself a candidate leasing the penal prisoners from their cells and they were safely corralled in the grounds surrounding the institution. No aggressive fight, but if nominated will such watchfulness attended the flight of make a vigorous campaign, and some of the reformatory department, and many of his friends in Washington, says a dispatch, them broke through restraint and fled toward the city, intending to escape. The alarm spread to the city, and the police hastening to the scene, met and turned back many of them. The loss will reach

> DECLINES TO PUT UP. Cincinnati Likely to Get the National Pro-

\$150,000, on which there is \$52,000 insurance.

hibition Convention. At a meeting of the local committee of the Prohibition party at St. Louis Monday night it was decided that the city would only contribute \$1,000 for the National Prohibition Convention. The National Committee asks \$5,000, but the sum is considered exorbitant, and the local sentiment is that if the National Committee is not satisfied with the offer of \$1,000 they are at liberty to hold the convention where they please. It is said that Cincinnati has guaranteed \$5,000.

SAW A FINE AURORA.

Inhabitants of Minnesota Treated to

Brilliant Display. A St Paul dispatch says: The northern heavens were robed in green Monday evening until the stars were obscured. Wave after wave of quivering light swept up from the horizon like folds of fleecy lace until, to the very zenith, the sky was shut out by shifting shadows, and the earth seemed hemmed closely in. The display of aurora borealis continued from early even-

ing until late.

Home for Aged Drummers. The commercial travelers now see their way clear to build a home for indigent members. A handsome site on the Bennett estate, in the western part of Binghamton, N. Y., is being considered. It is proposed to erect a building similar to the Masonic Home at Utica. The organization is called the Commercial Travelers' Home Association of America.

Blaine Must Retract.

Mrs. James G. Blaine Jr. has furnished the Associated Press an open letter in reply to the "personal statement" made by James G. Birline Sr., through the same channel, regarding the relations between Blaine Jr. and his wife, who was recently granted a strike of gold has been made. The ore runs, sivorce. She lives him ten days to retract. It is said, from \$600 to \$500 per ton.

FRENZEL IN CONTROL,

JUDGE TAYLOR RETURNS HIS STREET CARS.

Britain Fears a Coal Famine-Fifty Thousand at a Swoop-John L. Will Fight-Dun's Trade Review-Blaine or Clarkson-The Wheat Crop.

Weekly Trade Review. R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade

Domestic trade gradually improves, even at the South, where much of the trouble seems to have been due to unwillingness of holders to sell cotton at the low prices rather than to actual loss on such sales. Supplies of money are everywhere ample. It is still the fact that the two dark spots are directly caused by overproduction. Cot-ton receipts this week have been light. Efforts to curtail the production this year appear to meet with some success. only possible remedy for troubles in the iron trade is to be applied, according to dispatches, by the closing of some furnaces. Current prices are called about the lowest on record. The rail combination still waits for buyers. The trouble in this industry is that too great and sudden expansion was expected. Cop-per is unchanged, tin weaker, and lead moderately active. The coal market continues unchanged, as the combination is not ready to act, but agents recommend an output of only 2,500,000 tons in March.

WHEAT CROP OUTLOOK.

Reports of Its Condition and Prospects for

This Season's Harvest. The National Tribune solicited reports from its subscribers all over the country of the condition of the wheat crop. The first series of replies is published this week. Illinois reports about 25 per cent, less than last year; Indiana, 20 per cent. less; Iowa and Kansas about the same; Kentucky about half a crop; Michigan and Missouri about the same; Nebraska 20 per cent. below last year; New York and New Jersey, prospect never better; Ohlo reports vary widely, but an average crop is assured; Pennsylvania reports a slight falling off; Tennessee will not do so well as last year; Texas has the prospect of a good crop; Washington and Wisconsin both report good condition; Virginia will make an average crop.

FEAR OF A COAL FAMINE.

British Manufacturers Will Shut Down

Should the Miners Strike. In view of the threatened coal strike and coal famine that must surely follow, most of the factories in Lancashire, Che shire, Durham, Tyneside and other important manufacturing districts in England are seriously considering the question of shutting down until the trouble is over. The operatives in these factories have been given the customary notice, and are greatly blurmed. It is computed that already a million and a half of people are directly or indirectly affected by the mining troubles, and it is believed that if the output of coal should be restricted for a fortnight as proposed there would be 1,000,000 idle mill operatives.

SPRINGER IS VERY SICK. Physicians Admit that His Condition Is

Most Serious. Chairman William M. Springer is no better. His condition is regarded by his intimate friends as serious, and some of them even deem it dangerous. He suffers intensely, his nervous system is shattered, and his face, puffed with acute erysipelas, is unrecognizable. His physician declares that with care the leader of the House will be at his post in a fortnight at the latest. But physicians always say that. It assists the patient in recovering, and calms the apprehensions of the family. Physicians sometimes talk to their friends frankly, however, and according to a friend of Mr. Springer's physician, the Illinois statesman is in a bad way.

BLOW AT THE STANDARD TRUST.

The Ohio Company's Agreement with the Monopoly Is Annulled.

In the quo warranto suit instituted by Attorney General Watson, of Ohio, nearly two years ago, to test the legality of the charter of the monopoly known as the Standard Oll Company, the Ohio Supreme Court has rendered its decision. It is against the company. The incorporation of the original company is not annulled. but the trust agreement between it and other oil concerns forming the trust is declared to be illegal. It is regarded as one of the most important decisions ever rendered by this court

SULLIVAN WILL FIGHT.

The Slugger Ready to Meet Mitchell or

Slavin in New Orleans. Duncan B. Harrison, John L. Sullivan's manager, has sent a telegram from St. Paul saying: John L. Sullivan authorizes me to state that he will fight either Chas, Mitchell or Slavin at the Olympic Club at New Orleans for a purse of \$25,000 and an outside bet of \$10,000, or as much more as they can and will bet, the fight to take place the last week of next August or the first week in next September.

May End the Trouble. At Indianapolis, Ind., President Frenzel

of the Citizens' Street Railway Company was acquitted Friday by Judge Taylor of the charge of contempt entered against him for not opening up the barns of the company to Receiver Steele. President Frenzel is now in charge, and the mule and electric cars are in motion dust as they have been since the court appointed Steele receiver. As soon as Frenzel was purged of contempt he sent to the various barns of the company the following notice: "All car service men in the employ of the company on Feb. 20, 1892, who stopped work on Feb. 21, 1892, who desire to re-enter its service, sub'est to the rules and regulations of the company, will be regarded as re-employed from 9 o'clock a. m.

of this date," Blaine or Clarkson.

A Washington dispatch says: The anti-Harrison organization has decided upon Blaine for first choice and Clarkson for second. This is mad; upon the authority of one of the oldest members of the Senate, OATS-No. 2 Mixed...... whose name was frequently mentioned as the possible choice of the last three or four National Republican conventions.

Awful Tragedy in Texas.

William Smith, his wife, and two sons were found weltering in their blood near Sherman, Texas, and a negro named Sam Matsey has been arrested after a hot pursuit by an excited mob. Marsey declares his innocence, but the e is blood on his clothin z.

Nonh Porter Dead.

Dr. Noah Porter, ex-President of Yale College, died at New Haven, Conn. Dr. Porter had beenin feeble health ever slace an attack of the grip and pneumonia early in January, and his death is the direct result of his illness at that time.

Assays Over \$600 a Ton.

Miners are flocking to the Hamburg (A.T.) district, where it is reported that a big

MAHER LOST THE FIGHT. After Twelve Rounds, the Plucky Irish-

man Throws Up the Sponge. Peter Maher, of Ireland, an aspirant for heavy-weight honors, and Robert Eltzsimmons, the New Zealander, who is the middle-weight champion of the world, met in New Orleans, before the Olympic Club, for a purse of \$10,000, of which the loser gets \$1,000. Fitzsimmons won the fight in the twelfth round. The Olympic, says a dispatch, had an arena which seated nearly five thousand people. By the addition of galleries, the utilization of corners, and economy of space in every possible way, the capacity was increased to 6,000, and it was fully tested. It was a magnificent gathering. There were sporting men from England, Ireland,

without saying. WHISKY MEN IN LIMBO.

and from every corner of the United States.

fully 500 delegates. New Orleans supplied

its leading merchants and professional

men, and that the sports were there goes

Chicago and New York between them had

Arrested for Violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Law.

The Federal Grand Jury, at Boston, has indicted all of the officials and directors of the Cattle Feeding and Distilling Company, better known as the Whisky Trust, for vlolation of the Sherman auti-trust law, and United States Marshal Hitchcock's deputies are engaged in servdeputies are engaged in ing warrants for the arrest of the indicted men. Those included in the Government drag-net are as follows: Joseph B. Greenhut, of Peorla, President of the trust; Herbert L. Terrell, of New York, Vice President and Director; William N. Hobart, of Cincinnati, Treasurer and Director; Warren H. Corning, of Cleveland. Ohio, a Director; Julius E. French, of Cleveland, Ohio, a Director; Lewis H. Greene, of Cincinnati, a Director; Nelson Morris, of Chicago, a Director; George G. Gibson, of Chicago, ex-Secretary and a Director; Peter J. Hennessey, of Chicago, Secretary and Director,

To Cede Arid Lands.

The sub-committee of the Committee on Irrigation of Arid Lands has decided to report favorably Mr. Lanham's bill to cede arid lands of the government to the States and Territories in which they are located. The bill will cede in the neighborhood of 400,000 acres of land and does away with the proposition to have the government expend money for reclamation.

Must Stay at Jollet.

The Supreme Court of the United States extinguished the last hope of the two imprisoned anarchists by affirming the decision of the Supreme Court of Illinois and the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Illinois in the cases of Samuel Fielden and Michael Schwab vs the Warden of Joliet Peniten-

The Law Unconstitutional.

The Ohio State Supreme Court has decided that the Massie law, taxing railroads \$1 per mile of track operated in the State, is unconstitutional. The law was one of the attempts made in 1889 to increase the State revenues without advancing the tax rate on real and personal property. The matter has been in litigation three years

Object to Reciprocity.

The Guayaquil, Ecuador, local Board of Trade has forwarded to Quito an energetic protest against the ratification by the National Congress of the proposed reciprocity treaty with the United States, the paper being signed by nine-tenths of the importers and exporters of the republic.

Palmer's Friends Jubilant.

Senator Palmer's Springfield friends are enthusiastic over his speech, as it places him squarely before the country as a Presidential candidate, and hereafter they will work for him without reference to the candidacy of Cleveland, so says a dispatch from Springfield.

Favor Popular Election of Senators.

In the New York Assembly the Judiciary

Committee reported a concurrent resolu-

tion calling upon New York's representatives in Congress to favor the bill providing for the election of United States Senntors by the people. Heavy Snow in New York. The deepest snow of the season covers

the ground in the villages of the lower Hudson. There are numerous deep drifts in some parts of Rockland County. High winds prevailed and considerable damage was done. Railway Station Burned.

The Boston and Maine Railroad station at Newburyport, Mass., was completely destroyed by a fire that originated in the baggage-room from some unknown cause

The loss is estimated at \$25,000; insured. Springer Is Indicted. Warren Springer, whose defective boilers blew up in Chicago and killed several em. ployes, has been indicted by the Grand Jury

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO.

CATTLE-Common to Prime \$3.50 @ 5 25

for manslaughter.

Hogs-Shipping Grades	3.50	(60)	5.00	
SHEEP-Fair to Choice	3.00			
Wheat-No. 2 Red	.89	60	.10	
CORN-No. 2	.401	400	.4136	
OATS-No. 2	281	7.00	2914	
Rys-No. 2	-84	6	.85	
RYE-No. 2 BUTTER-Choice Creamery	.28	(0)	.20	
CHEESE-Full tream, flats			.1336	
Eggs-Fresh			.16	
POTATOES-Car-loads, per bu	.30	a	.40	
INDIANAPOLIS.		•		
CATTLE-Shipping	8.25	68	4.75	
Hogs-Choice Light	3.50			
SHEEP-Common to Prime	3 00			
WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.93			
Cons-No. 1 White			.42	
OATS-No. 2 White			.3334	
ST, LOUIS,		•••	10032	
CATTLE	3.50	a	4.50	
H 68	3,40			
WHEAT-No. 2 Red	.92	100	.00	
Corn-No. 2	.861	4 4	.8734	
DATE-No. 9	.35	- 44	.36	
Ryg-No. 2.	.70	a	.81	
RYE-No. 2. CINCINNATI.		-		
CATTLE	8.53	00	4.50	
H 68	3,00			
STEEP				
WHEAT No. 2 Red	,97		.98	
	77.00	- 22	- Carrier 1	

DETROIT, CATILS. 8.00 @ 5.23 Hoss 8.00 @ 5.25 OA18-No. 2 White. TOLEDO: WHEAT-New... Cohn-No. 2 Yellow... OATS-No. 2 White...

RYE....BUFFALO. BEEF CATTLE 4.00 & 5.77

Live HcG* 8.75 & 5.25

WHEAT-No. 1 Hard 1.01 & 1.03

GORN-No. 2 46 & 47

DOINGS OF CONGRESS. SEVEN WERE KILLED.

MEASURES CONSIDERED AND ACTED UPON.

At the Nation's Capital-What Is Being Done by the Senate and House-Old Matters Disposed Of and New Ones Considered.

The Senate and House.

In the House, on the 29th, on motion of Mr. Loud, of California, a bill was passed setting apart a tract of land for the use of the Lick Observatory, University of California. A resolution was also passed authorizing the joint Committee on Immi-gration to investigate the operation of the immigration laws, the importation of contract labor, and to inquire particularly into the immigration of persons affected with typhus fever into the port of New York. The House Committee on Rules agreed to report a resolution making the silver bill the order of business for three days, beginning March 22. No date was fixed for measures concerning the tariff.

Indian sectarian schools was the subject of three hours' acrimonious-discussion in the House on the 1st. The Indian appropriation bill was the measure under consideration, and the immediate cause of the discussion was the section making ap-propriation for the Carlisle Indian school. The bill was passed. Mr. McMillin, of Tennessee, reported the free wool bill, which was referred to the committee of the whole. Mr Bryan, of Nebraska, and Mr. Turner, of Georgia, respectively from the same committee, reported bills for the free entry of binding twins and cotton bagging and ties, which were referred to the committee of the whole and leave was granted to Mr. Payne of New York, and Mr. Dalzell of Pennsylvania, to present the views of the minority on the measure. In the Scnate, after th transaction of routine business the Idaho election case was taken up and Mr. Say-ders addressed the Senate in defense of Mr. Claggett's right to the seat. Mr. Morgan made a legal and constitunal argument against the right of Mr. Dubois to occupy a seat in the Senate.

In the Senate, on the 2d Mr. Dolph presented petitions from his State favoring government aid for the Nicaragna canal. The Idaho election case was taken up and Mr. George stated the reasons which would control his own action in casting his vote for the contestant. Mr. Vilas argued that the sitting member, Mr. Dubois, was legally elected and en-titled to the seat. On the suggestion of Mr. Gray that some Senators were absentwho desired to record their votes on the question, the vote was postponed. The proceedings of the House were quite uninteresting and confined strictly to the consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill. On only one occasion did party politics find a place in the discussion and that was when Mr. Hemphill, of the Democratic side, proposed an amendment reducing the \$11,000 or \$12,000 salary which the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia receives in the way of fees to a fixed salary of \$3,600 per annum. All fees are to be turned into the public Treasury after deductions for necessary clerk hire. The House adjourned with the bill still undisposed of.

In the Senate, on the 3d, the debate on the Idaho contested election case was closed, and the voting was begun. The question of the minority resolutions in favor of Mr. Claggett's right to the seat was decided in the negative-yeas, 7; nays, 55. The vete was then taken on the majority resolutions affirming the right of Mr. Dubo's to retain his sent, and it was decidyeas, bo; navs. The pure food bill was then taken up, but no action was taken on the bill. The no action was taken on the bill. House resumed consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill, also the bill allowing railroad companies to give special rates to commercial travelers. Mr. Otis, of Kansas, antagonized the measure. It was a stroke directed at the fundamental principle upon which the interstate commerce law was founded. Mr. Simpson, in speaking of the bill, referred to the author of the interstate commerce act (Senator Cullom) as an "iniquitous railroad attorney," when he was promptly called to order by Mr. Lind, of Minnesota. The bill will now go on the calendar of unfinished business.

In the Senate on the 4th the pure food bill was take up. and Mr. Vest stated at some length his position in regard to it and to such legislation in general. He appealed to the Senate to help enact the bill into law. Eulewere delivered in respect the memory of the late Representative Lee, of Virginia, and the Senate adjourned till the 7th. The House Committee on Military Affairs completed consideration of the army appropriation bill. The most important provision in the bill relates to payment for transportation over bond-aided railroads The total appropriation carried by the bill 1s \$24,245,649, which is \$367,830 less than the appropriation for the current fiscal year. The House Naval Affairs Committee practically completed the consideration of the naval appropriation bill. The till in round figures appropriates \$24,000,000. A new drydock at Algiers, La., is provided for in the bill, the ultimate cost of which will be more than \$5,000,000. At the conclusion of the consideration of unimportant bills Greek met Greek in the House, and for the space of five minutes a parliamentary colloquy was witnessed which in aptness of retort has had no precedent in the present session. On the one side was Speaker Crisp, who stands as the sponsor of the rules of the Fifty-second Congress, and on the other was ex-Speaker Reed, who stands as the defender of the rules and methods of the Fifty-first Congress.

Serving Two Masters.

Uncle Billy recently developed a great deal of interest in religious good deal of surprise by several boatowners that he was no longer ready and willing to take a hand at the work they offered him. One of the men who had depended a good deal upon his services said:

"I'm sorry that you won't work any "Deed, sah, I is puffickly willin' to

wuhk, but I can't wuhk in yoh boat." "Why not?" "Kase she's a two-master."

"Why, that's no reason at all."

"Massa, ef you wants to 'peril your own soul, 'tain' none ob my business, went into the hallway, and in a loud but de good book says plain as day dat no man kain't sarbe two masters."

A PHILADELPHIA paper, in describing a New York preacher, said: "He is like an auger; takes hold right away, cuts all the time, and quits when he is through." It might have added that such a preacher never bores his hearers.

WHEN the Psalmist said, "All the days of my appointed time will I wait till the change come," he was evidently in a big retail store and knew

The fire was of incendiary origin, three the cash boy.

THE chief ingredients in the composition of those qualities that gain spiracy to free themselves in this way, esteem and praise are good nature, if possible, by creating a stampede. The truth, good sense, and good breeding.

No BALL CLUB likes to see its score printed in round numbers.

WORKMEN MEET DEATH IN A RAILWAY WRECK.

Misplaced Switch on the St. Paul Road Causes a Bad Smash-Up in Milwaukee -The Switchman Arrested - Indiana Woman's Prison Burned.

Cars Crashed Together.

The absent-mindedness of a switchman, or the physical impossibility of his being in two places at one time, resulted in the accident on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway at Milwaukee, which caused the instant death of seven men.

According to a dispatch giving partieulars, the accident occurred at the foot of 17th street a few minutes before 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The fact that the trains were moving at a comparatively slow rate of speed alone prevented a railway horror which would have counted its dead by the scores.

All the silled and injured were employ s of the railroad company and re-turning from their work at the West Milwaukee shops on the shop train, which consists of seven old-fashioned coaches. The train had just passed 1: th street when the Watertown special came thundering along on a parallel track. Just before it overtook the shop train a white-faced switchman rushed out. waving his arms, and the next instant the Waterjown special took the switch and plunged into the rear coaches of the shop train.

Three of the shop train coaches were toppled over and ground into the cin-ders of the roadbed. Several cars on the passenger train left the rails, but were not overturned. The men in the overturned cars struggled to free themselves. The frightened passengers of the Watertown special recovered their senses and rushed from the cars and inside of two minutes 290 men w re at work rescuing the men from the wie ked ears. Many were cut and bleeding, lutby the time the police pa'rol wagon arrived most of them had recovered sufficiently to walk or be carried away by

friends. Those who were killed suffer delmost instant death. They w re men who attempted to jump from the side diers of the old coaches and were crushed to death when the cars toppled over on them. The bodies were all quickly taken from the wreckage and conveyed

to the morgue. The picture at the wreck was one which few people could look upon without a shudder. Beneath the overturned cars, which had been raised with levers sufficiently to release the bodies of the dead, were strewn pieces of flesh, wkile the tracks were stained with the blood of the unfortunates. Here was a crushed hat, and there a battered dinner-pail. The workmen who escaped hurriedly went to their homes or their friends, and the ground was soon abandoned to the employes of the company in a cd in clearing the tracks and try ng to asfortain the exact cause of the accident.

The latter proved an easy task. Will Bartels, the switchman in charg went to Superintendent M. Kenna, asked his advice and then gave himself up to the police, to whom he admitted that he had left three switches open in the performance of his duty, his only excuse being that he forgot to close them. He was lecked up pending investigation.

There was great indignation among the neighbors of the dead, who talked about hanging the switchman responsible for the disaster. Few of the friends of the victims heard of the accident until the remains were brought to the city, and the most affecting scenes were enacted at the morgue when the work of identifleation was going on. A singular feafure of the accident was that nobody

upon the express train was injured. The railway officials maintained their usual policy of refusing to give out any information concerning the wreck, and the agents of the claim department, who have charge of the work of settling damage claims against the company for injuries, were upon the ground almost as soon as the local police officers.

Bartels, the switchman who is held responsible for the cause of the wreck, was seen at the Central Police Station. He has two men under him as assistants, and the three, according to the statements of Bartels, are kept so busy that it frequently becomes necessary for him to rely upon his subordinates to see that the switches are in the proper position. He admits he turned two of the switches, and may have left them open. He is twenty-nine years old. He says that he is anxious to make all the amends which are in his power, or which the law may require of him in a criminal

REFORM SCHOOL FIRED BY GIRLS.

Inmates of an Indiana Institution Burn It Down to Gain Their Liberty.

It is likely that Gov. Chase may call a special session of the Indiana Legislature to arrange for the rebuilding of matters, and it was observed with a the Women's Reform School which burned Tuesday night. The building vas entirely destroyed. The fire was discovered a few minutes after supper in the laundry of the reform department.

The prison department was the last

to go, and the crashing of the iron cages as the supports gave way was heard for many a mile. The institution was situated in the center of a five-acre field on the eastern edge of Indianapolis. It was a model prison and one of the most noted in the country. From those confined in the prison department the most trouble was anticipated. Miss Kelly, the superintendent,

tone called the attention of the prisoners to the fact that the building was on "I am going to unlock these cells, but I want you to promise me that you will stand by me and not one attempt to escape." The women with one voice promised

this, and the doors were opened. Of the inmates of this department there are eight who have been sentenced for life and a half-dozen or more for long terms.

So far as known none of the prisoners made any attempt to escape, though some of the reform girls were discovered roaming about the streets of the city. girls, Imogene Thompson, Mary Stevens and Lydia Kinseley, it is claimed by other inmates, having formed a conloss will exceed \$300,000.

THERE are 20,000 different kinds